

4.8 Ka & Kb

Ka : Acid Ionization Constant

- for weak acids (remember they don't ionize 100%)

- K_a expression for weak acids (Not top 6 in table)



- Stronger acid = greater K_a (greater ionization, ∴ more [H₃O⁺] on top)

Kb : Base Ionization Constant



- Stronger base = greater K_b!

Example calculation: What is the [H₃O⁺] of 0.25M CH₃COOH?



I
C
E

Do 4.8 Pg. 128 #31-34

